

# Scoping Study of a Proposed Measurement of the $^{233}\text{U}(n,f)/^{235}\text{U}(n,f)$ Cross Section Ratio

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NCSP Technical Program Review  
February 23, 2023

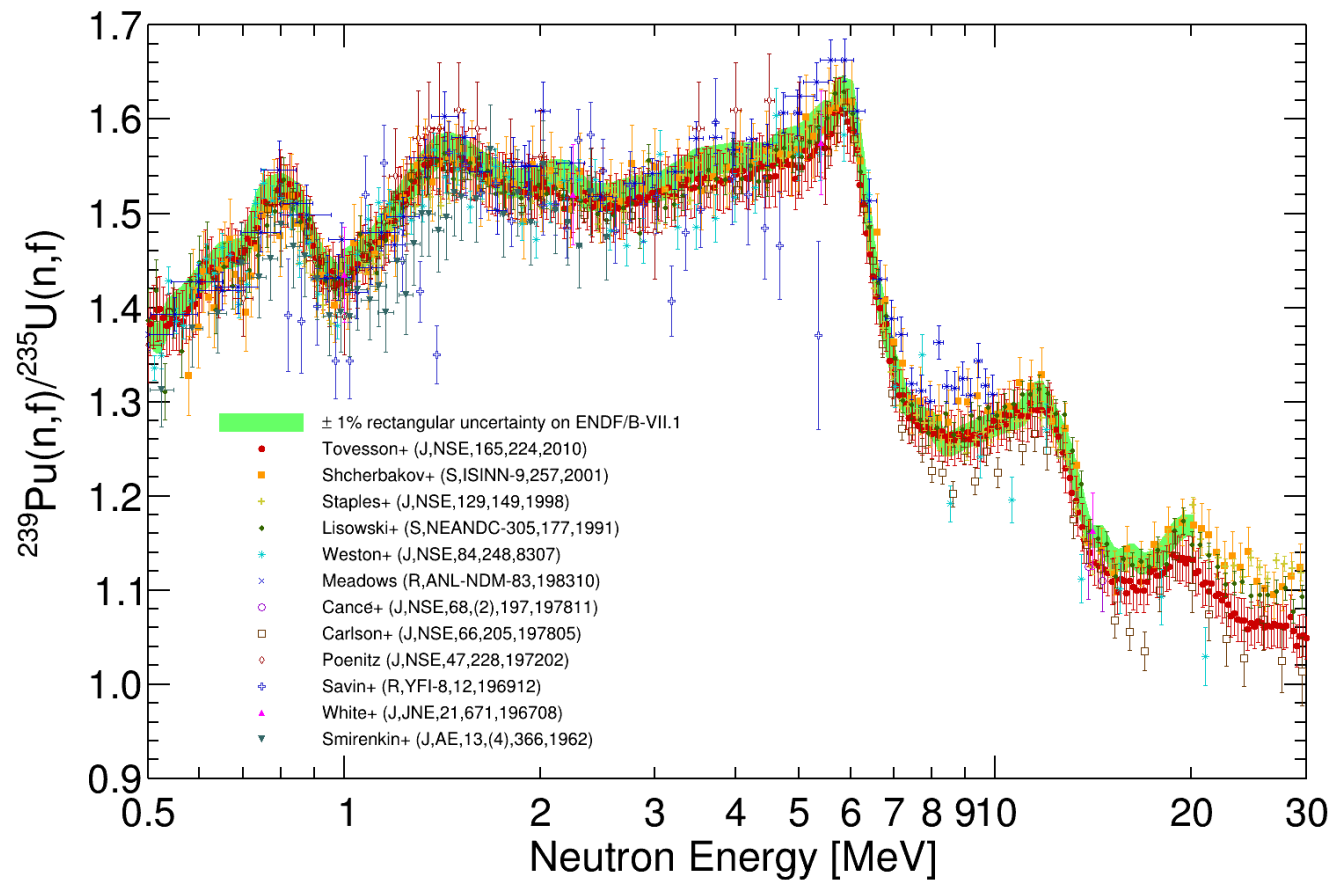


# Outline

- **Review original motivation for fissionTPC**
- **Discuss some similarities in the case of  $^{233}\text{U}$**
- **Review technical options for a measurement**
  - FissionTPC
  - Fission Chamber
- **Cost Estimates**



# Motivation: Study and improve cross-section ratio systematics of $^{239}\text{Pu}(n,f)$

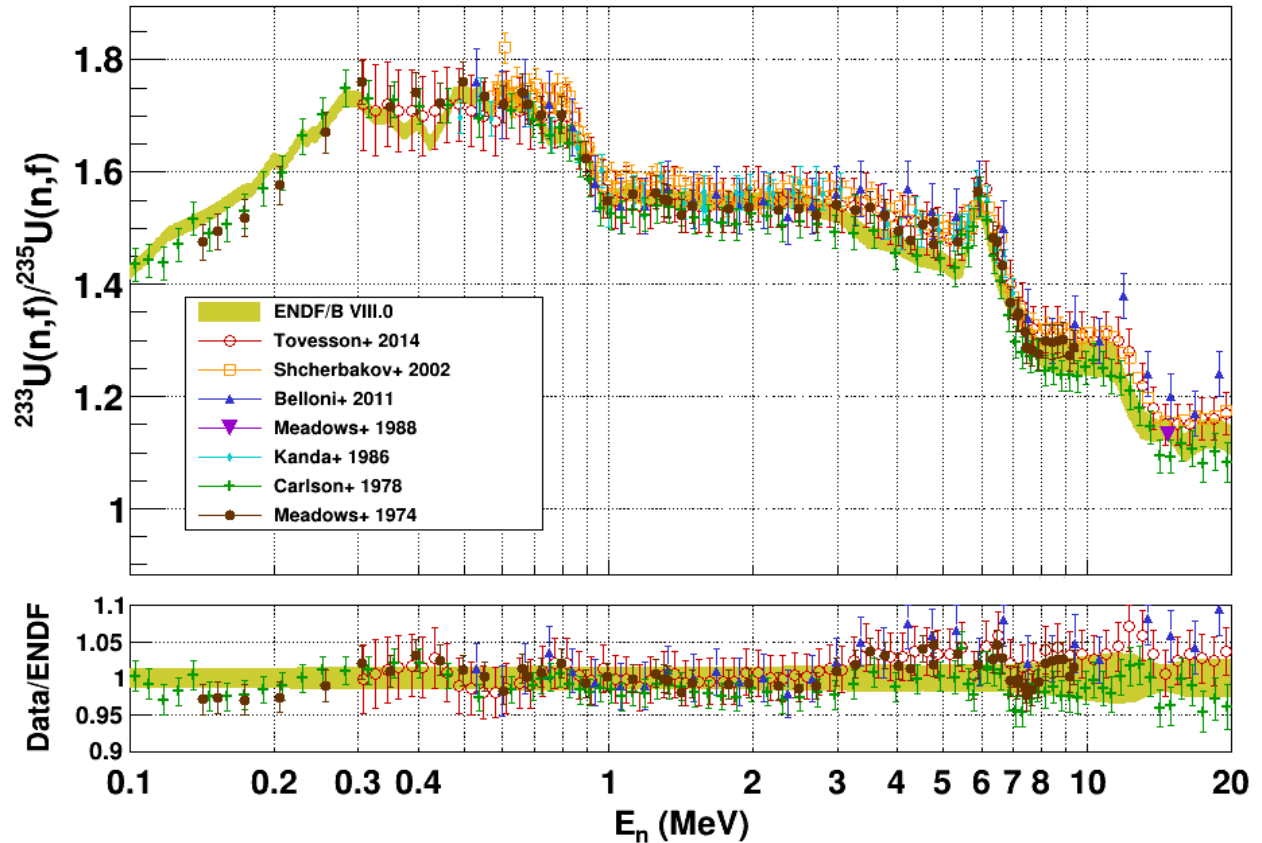


*Scatter in the data challenged the assertion of a 1% accurate ENDF  $^{239}\text{Pu}$  evaluation.*

*USU have since been incorporated into some evaluations*

# $^{233}\text{U}(n,f)$ Example

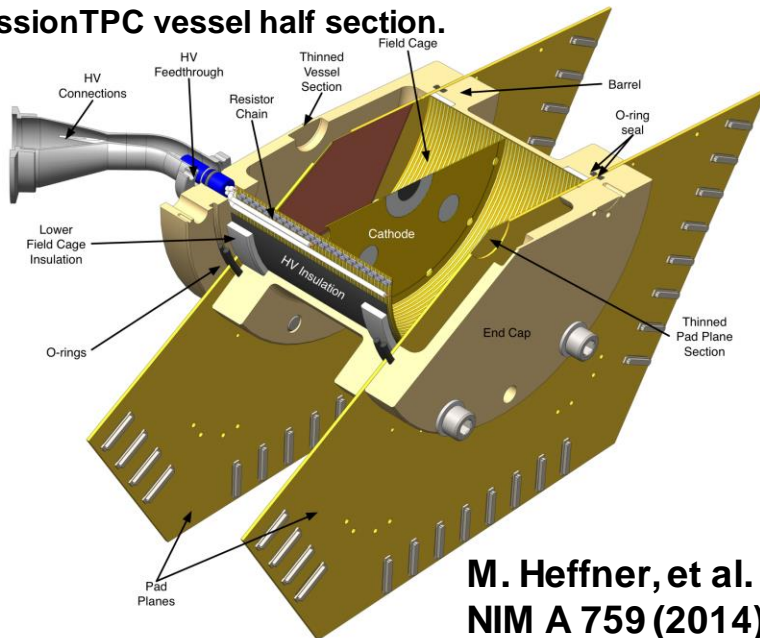
- Subset of  $^{233}\text{U}(n,f)/^{235}\text{U}(n,f)$  data
- Disagreements of 3-4% between some data and ENDF
- Disagreement between data sets also
- Issues in resonance region and PFNS



# FissionTPC or Fission Chamber?

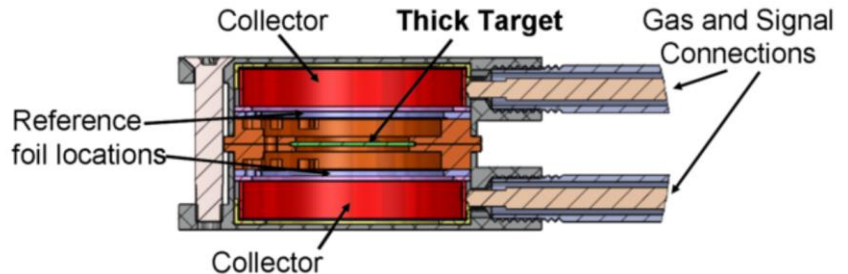
- Accuracy
- Complexity (ease of use/analysis)
- Facilities (neutron energy)
- Cost

**FissionTPC vessel half section.**



**M. Heffner, et al.  
NIM A 759 (2014) 50-64**

**Fission chamber cross section.**

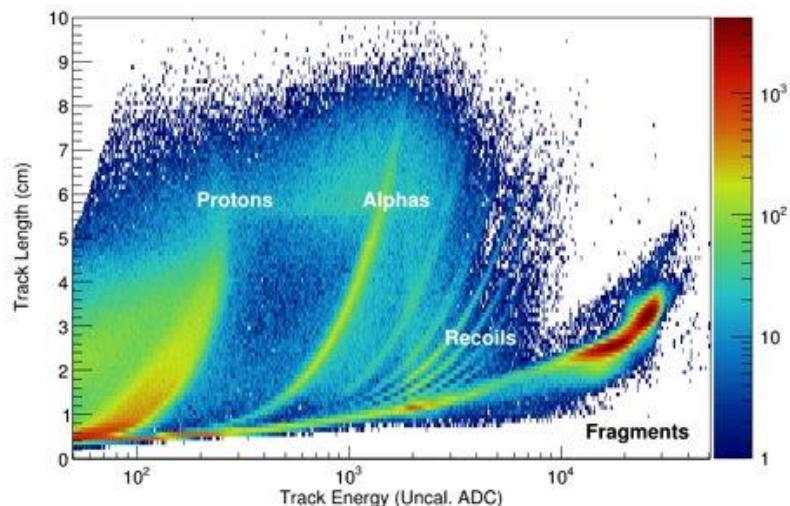
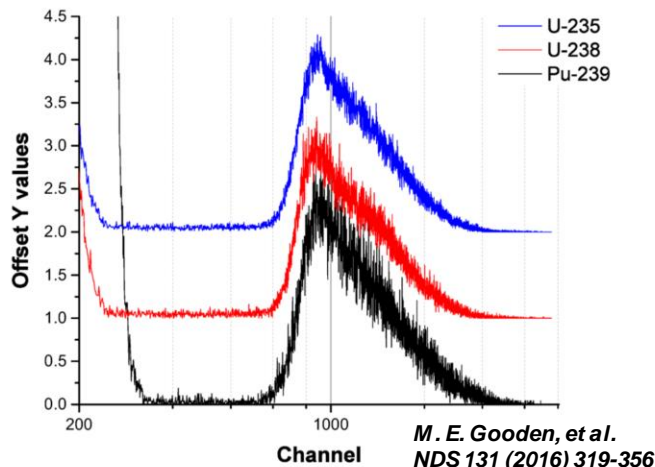


**M. E. Gooden, et al.  
NDS 131 (2016) 319-356**



# Fission Chamber vs. FissionTPC

- Fission chambers have been used since the beginning of fission research
- Simple, reliable, and robust
- Record particle energy
  - Certain configurations can give track angle
- FissionTPC operates on same basic principles
- Full 3D particle track reconstruction for a more detailed analysis of uncertainties



# Measurement uncertainties

- A variety of terms contribute to a cross section ratio
- The fissionTPC was designed to address each of these in detail and achieve sub 1% accuracy
- Fission chamber measurements attempt to minimize the corrections and/or have them drop out in ratio, achieving 2-5% accuracy

$$\frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_s} = \frac{(\mathbb{K}_{att}^x)^{-1}}{(\mathbb{K}_{att}^s)^{-1}} \cdot \left[ \frac{(\epsilon_{ff}^x)^{-1} \cdot \omega_x^{-1} \cdot \Phi_x^{-1} \cdot N_x^{-1} \cdot (\sum_{XY} (\phi_{x,i} \cdot n_{x,i}))^{-1}}{(\epsilon_{ff}^s)^{-1} \cdot \omega_s^{-1} \cdot \Phi_s^{-1} \cdot N_s^{-1} \cdot (\sum_{XY} (\phi_{s,i} \cdot n_{s,i}))^{-1}} \cdot \frac{(C_{ff}^x - C_b^x)}{(C_{ff}^s - C_b^s)} \right]$$

The diagram illustrates the components of the cross-section ratio  $\frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_s}$ . The equation is broken down into several parts, each represented by a colored oval and labeled with an arrow:

- Beam Attenuation:**  $(\mathbb{K}_{att}^x)^{-1}$  (orange oval)
- Detector Efficiency:**  $(\epsilon_{ff}^x)^{-1}$  (blue oval)
- Detector live time:**  $\omega_x^{-1}$  (purple oval)
- Relative neutron flux:**  $\Phi_x^{-1}$  (green oval)
- # of target atoms:**  $N_x^{-1}$  (orange oval)
- Spatial overlap of beam and target:**  $(\sum_{XY} (\phi_{x,i} \cdot n_{x,i}))^{-1}$  (large tan oval)
- Backgrounds:**  $(C_{ff}^x - C_b^x)$  (grey oval)
- Measured fission fragments:**  $(C_{ff}^s - C_b^s)$  (red oval)

The denominator of the ratio contains the corresponding terms for the sample  $s$ .

# Operational Complexity

## Fission Chamber vs. FissionTPC

- 2 – 6 channels
- Basic data acquisition system with off-the-shelf components
- A few days to few weeks of data collection
- A relatively straightforward data analysis
- 6k channels of custom electronics
- 3 kW power, large equipment footprint
- Extended setup and data collection time
- Specialized knowledge in operation and data analysis

Facilities: LANSCE, Lujan, TUNL, Ohio...  
FissionTPC footprint could present a challenge





# Cost Analysis

	Task	FY24 \$k	FY25 \$k	Total \$k
<b>TPC</b>	Target Prod.	50	0	50
	DAQ Maint.	25	25	50
	Code Maint.	25	25	50
	Data Collection	260	0	260
	Data Analysis	530	670	1200
	Total Cost	890	720	1610

	Task	FY24 \$k	FY25 \$k	Total \$k
<b>FC</b>	Target Prod.	50	0	50
	Data Collection	55	0	55
	Data Analysis	375	375	750
	Total Cost	480	375	855

# Conclusions

## Fission Chamber vs. FissionTPC

- Clear that a fission chamber is cheaper and easier
- Will another fission chamber measurement help improve the evaluation?
  - Shared systematic uncertainties, highly correlated with previous measurements
  - Would need to work hard to get uncertainties at 2% or lower if possible, to have a meaningful impact

Targeted monoenergetic  
FC measurement w/

Both FC and TPC at  
TUNL & LANSCE (Lujan)

*A careful target characterization normalization measurement is essential!*

### Recommendations:

- Make a target now that will fit both FC and fissionTPC and characterize it *an entirely different experiment(s)!*
- Conduct a mock evaluation to guide your choice