IER:121 Updates on the NeSO Benchmark
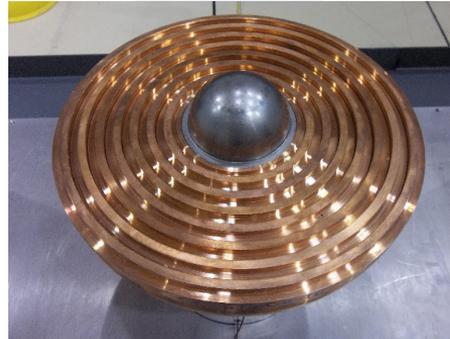
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2/22/2023

LA-UR-23-21612

Subcritical Experiments at NCERC

- BeRP-Ni, BeRP-W, SCRαP
- MUSIC
- EUCLID
- IER-518 (Performed at Sandia)
- And NeSO!

NeSO Overview

- **Ne**ptunium **S**ubcritical **O**bservation

- Neptunium sphere reflected with nickel shells

- Many cases:
  - Bare and reflected by 0.6, 1.1, 1.6, 2.1, 2.6, 3.1, and 3.6 inches of nickel
  - Also Cf-252 source measurements for detector efficiency

- Purpose:
  - Better understand Np Sphere
 - Np data at high multiplication
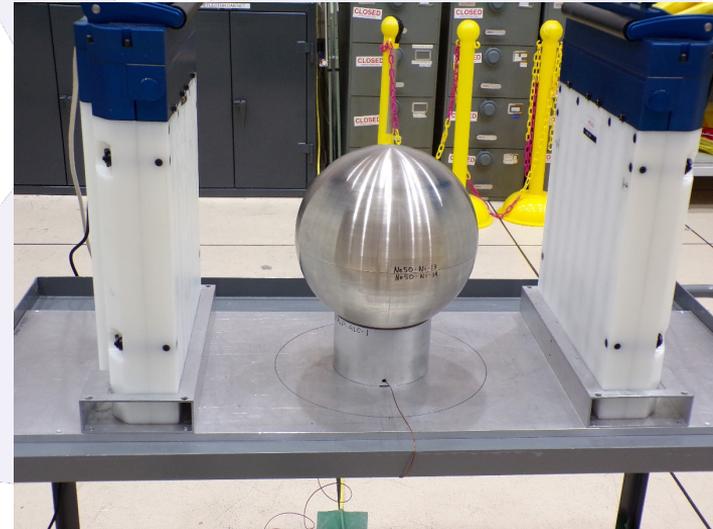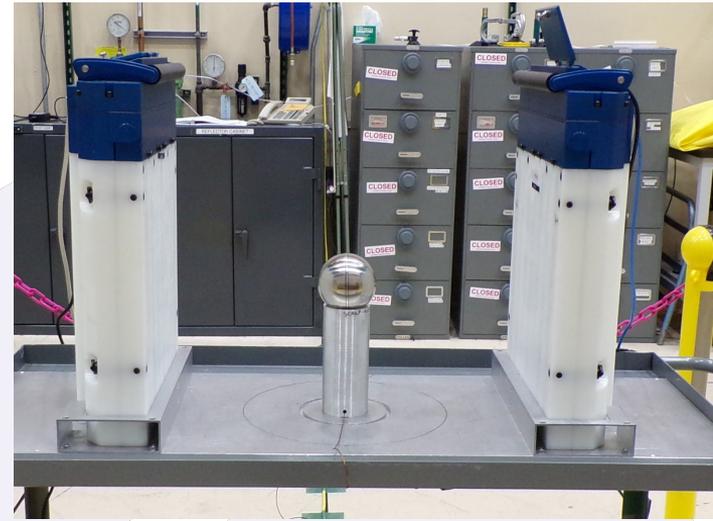
NeSO Overview

- Measurements performed in 2019
- Collaboration with IRSN
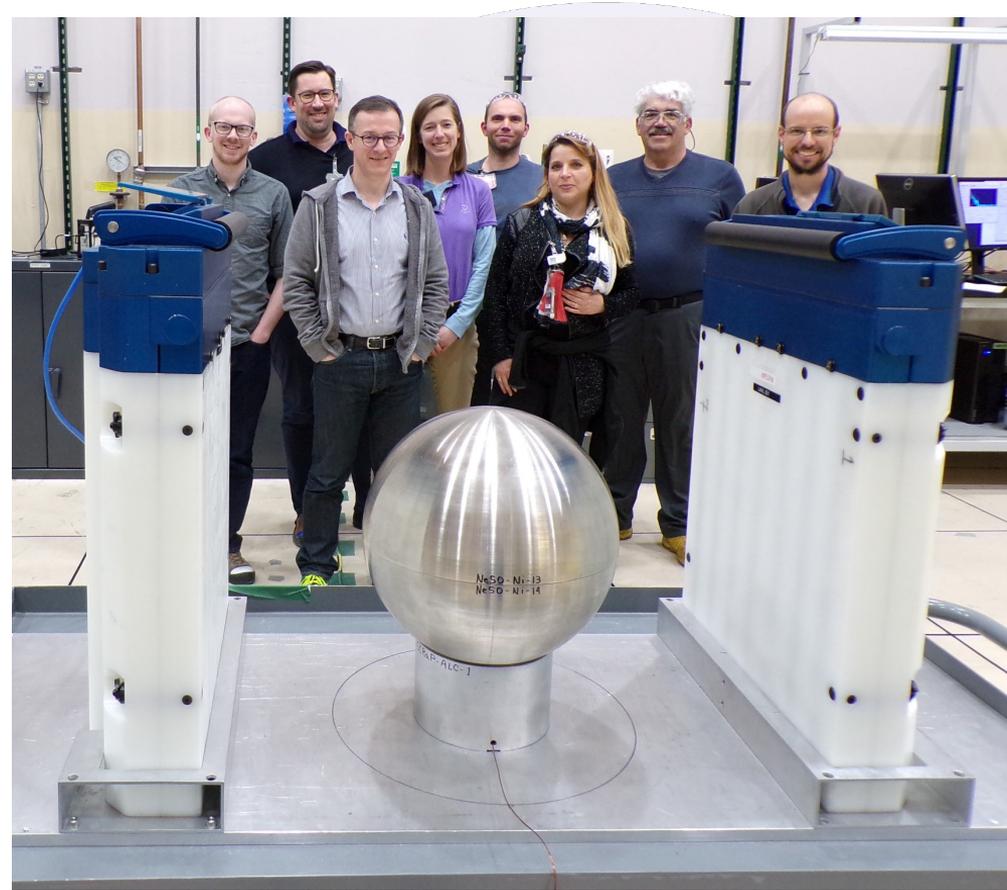
Np Sphere Composition

- Originally 8 kg of $^{237}NpO_2$ from Savannah River, Purex reprocessing of DOE reactor fuels.

- One issue – when the Np sphere was made, there was not enough Np for the casting.

- Impurities which would have floated out of the cast became stuck in the sphere
  - Top of the sphere has more impurities than the rest of the sphere

- This makes it difficult to model correctly
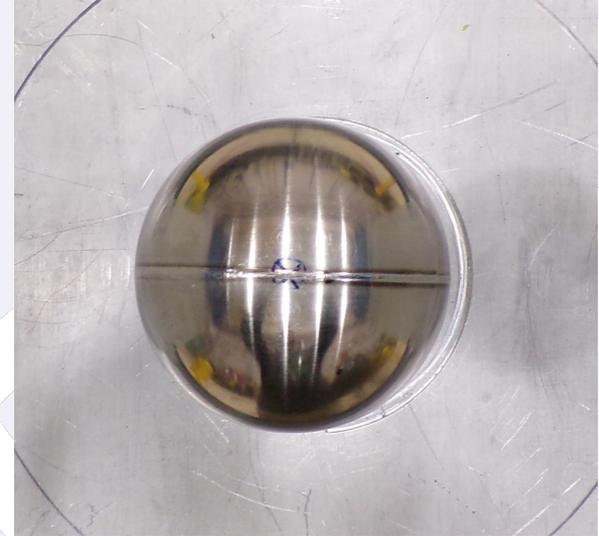
Np Sphere Composition

- Multiple methods for determining the composition:
  - Gamma measurements of each side
  - Neutron measurements at different intervals to measure decay (2019, 2021, 2022)
  - New composition analysis of shavings

- Due to the interesting nature of the Np composition, the Nuclear and Radiochemistry Group (C-NR) at LANL is preparing a paper for an analytic chemistry journal.
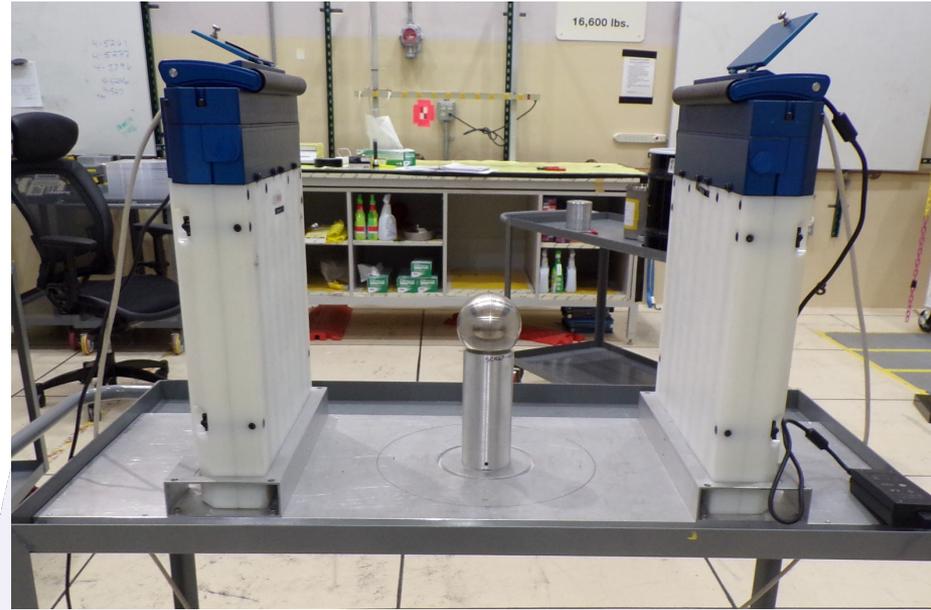
Np Sphere Composition

From the C-NR report (LA-UR-22-29909):

- "significant quantities and unusual isotope profiles of americium and curium contaminants"

  - "The amount of americium relative to neptunium in the material is relatively high, with measured atom ratios of ^{243}Am/^{237}Np and ^{241}Am/^{237}Np of $1.07(2)\times10^{-3}$ and $4.23(7)\times10^{-6}$, respectively."

  - "The isotopic composition of the americium is also unusual; the material we studied had a ^{241}Am/^{243}Am atom ratio of 0.00395(5) and no detectible ^{242m}Am"

| isotope	measured atoms/g A solution	% unc.	Neutrons/s
^{237}Np	1.87E+18	1.35	0.68
^{238}Pu	2.37E+13	0.98	196.61
^{239}Pu	5.33E+14	0.90	0.04
^{240}Pu	3.84E+13	0.95	125.45
^{241}Pu	3.78E+11	4.90	0.00
^{242}Pu	5.48E+12	1.20	30.19
^{244}Pu	L_D = 9.1E+09		0.00
^{241}Am	7.90E+12	0.91	0.03
^{242m}Am	L_D = 9.0E+09		0.00
^{243}Am	2.00E+15	0.90	0.00
^{244}Cm	3.05E+11	1.42	20515.15
^{233}U	7.79E+13	0.37	0.00
^{234}U	1.42E+13	0.41	0.00
^{235}U	4.95E+14	0.38	0.00
^{236}U	2.80E+12	0.41	0.00
^{238}U	5.05E+13	1.94	0.00

Np Sphere Decay Data

- ^{244}Cm half-life: 18.11 years
- ^{243}Am half-life: 7370 years
  - Decays into ^{239}Np (2.36 days half-life)
- Current data:
  - 40-42 year half-life
  - More work to be done to understand this

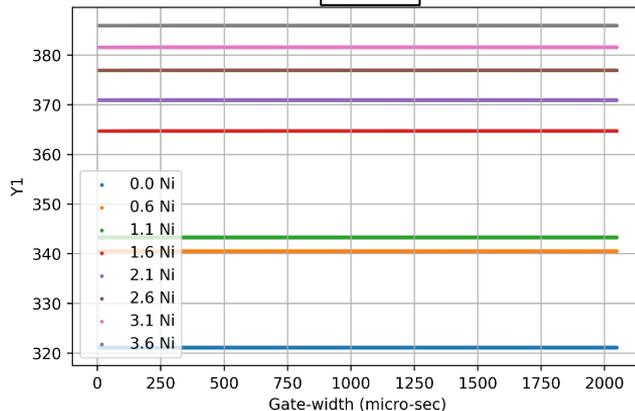NeSO Measurement Campaign
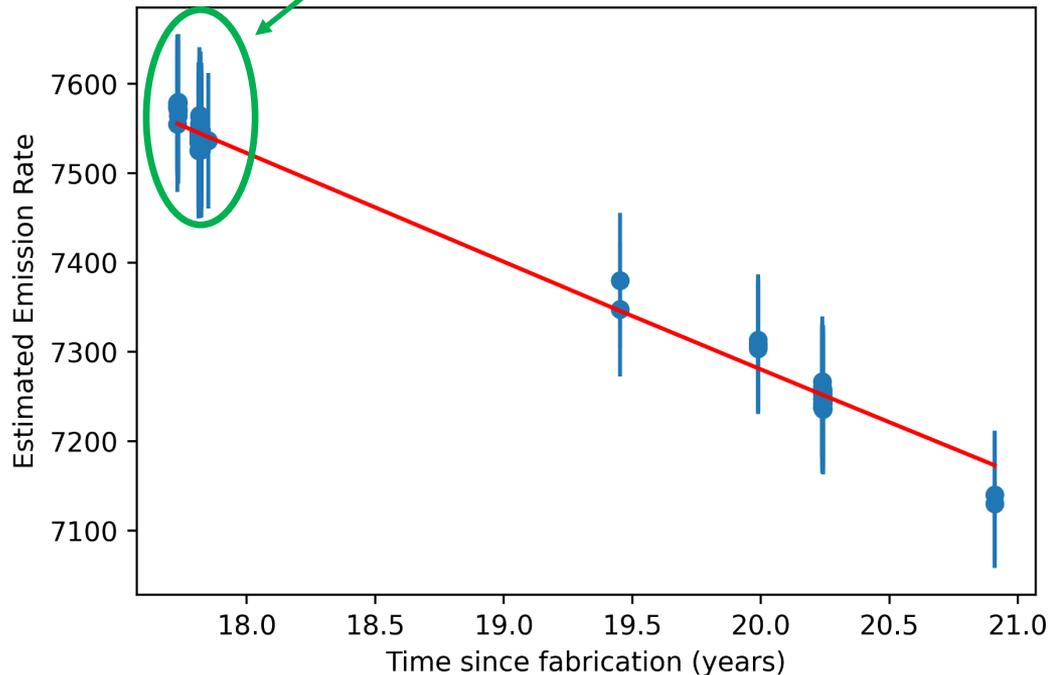
NeSO Modeling for ICSBEP Benchmark

- Working model in MCNP

- Python script to make and modify the model
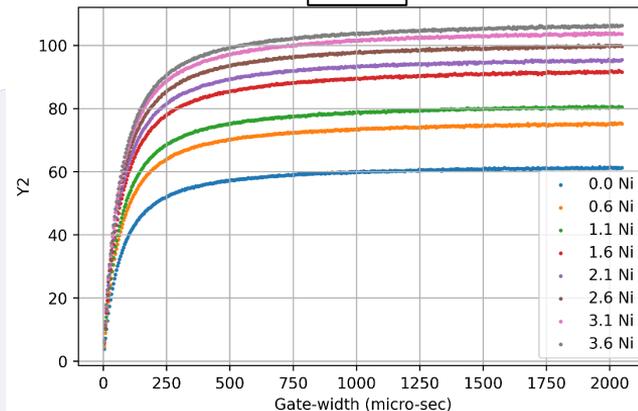
- Uncertainty analysis underway
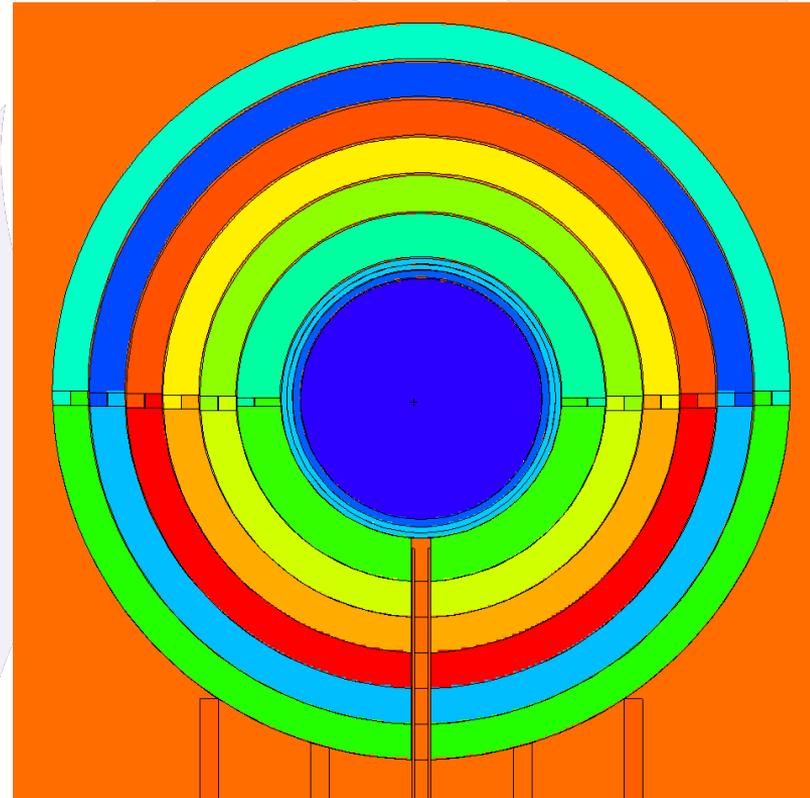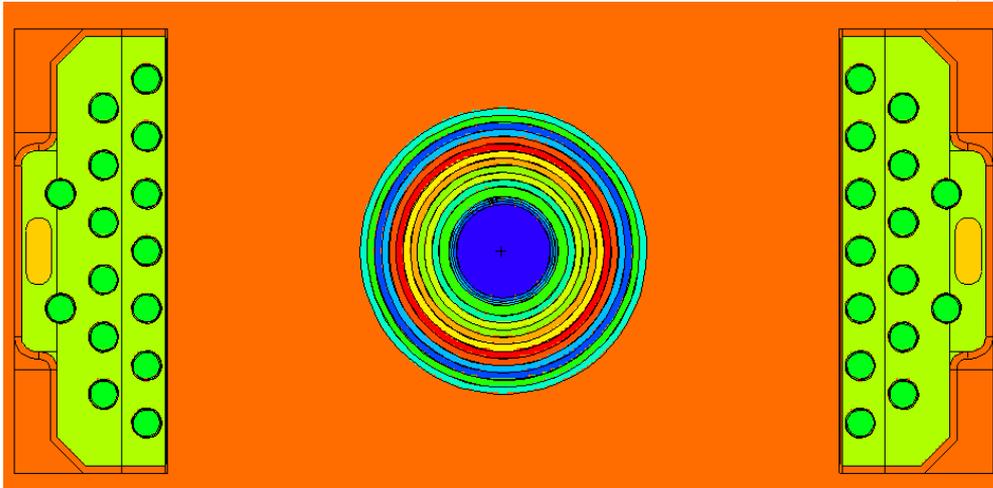
NeSO initial results

- Feynman moments
- Y1 – count rate
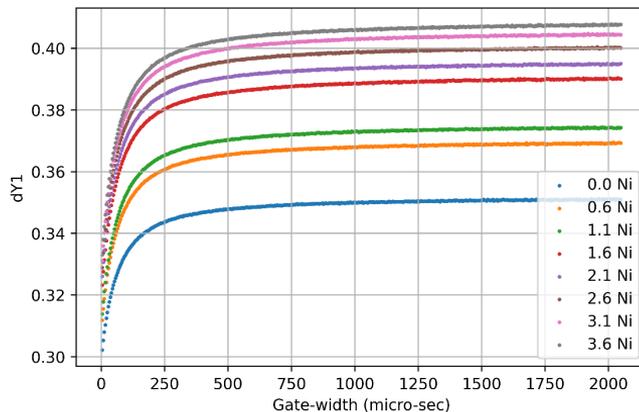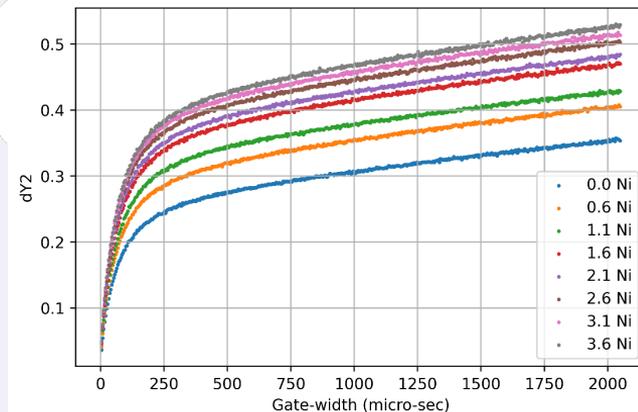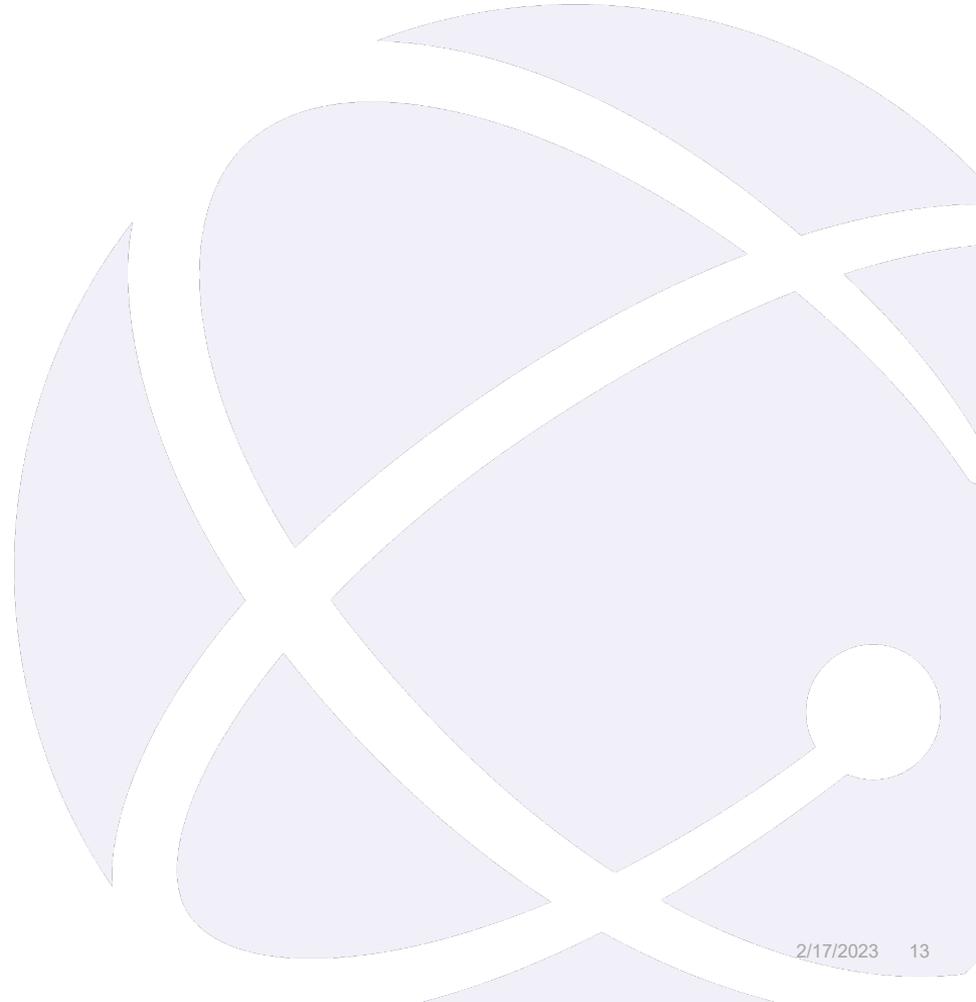- Y2 – proportional to doubles rate

Results

- New isotopics from new rad-chem measurement of composition
- Performing MCNP uncertainty analysis
  - Python tools developed to help speed up process
- Performing data analysis
  - Data looks very good

Acknowledgements

Backup

NeSO Initial Results

- Y2 can be fit:

$$Y_2 = A\left(1 - \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda\tau}}{\lambda\tau}\right)$$

  – Fit solves for A and λ.

- Can also perform a fit with two terms:

$$Y_2 = A\left(1 - \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda_1\tau}}{\lambda_1\tau}\right) + C\left(1 - \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda_2\tau}}{\lambda_2\tau}\right)$$

Black: single term fit.
Red: two term fit.

Bare Np